
**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended November 1, 2008

or

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 1-16097

THE MEN'S WEARHOUSE, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Texas
(State or Other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)

74-1790172
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification Number)

6380 Rogerdale
Houston, Texas
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

77072-1624
(Zip Code)

(281) 776-7000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes . No .

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes . No .

The number of shares of common stock of the Registrant, par value \$.01 per share, outstanding at December 5, 2008 was 51,754,963 excluding 18,104,310 shares classified as Treasury Stock.

REPORT INDEX

<u>Part and Item No.</u>	<u>Page No.</u>
<u>PART I — Financial Information</u>	
<u>Item 1 — Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements</u>	
<u>General Information</u>	1
<u>Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of November 3, 2007 (unaudited), November 1, 2008 (unaudited) and February 2, 2008</u>	2
<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings for the Three and Nine Months Ended November 3, 2007 (unaudited) and November 1, 2008 (unaudited)</u>	3
<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Nine Months Ended November 3, 2007 (unaudited) and November 1, 2008 (unaudited)</u>	4
<u>Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)</u>	5
<u>Item 2 — Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	17
<u>Item 3 — Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk</u>	26
<u>Item 4 — Controls and Procedures</u>	26
<u>PART II — Other Information</u>	
<u>Item 1 — Legal Proceedings</u>	26
<u>Item 6 — Exhibits</u>	27
<u>SIGNATURES</u>	27
<u>EX-31.1</u>	
<u>EX-31.2</u>	
<u>EX-32.1</u>	
<u>EX-32.2</u>	

Forward-Looking and Cautionary Statements

Certain statements made in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in other public filings and press releases by the Company contain “forward-looking” information (as defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995) that involves risk and uncertainty. These forward-looking statements may include, but are not limited to, references to future capital expenditures, acquisitions, sales, earnings, margins, costs, number and costs of store openings, demand for clothing, market trends in the retail clothing business, currency fluctuations, inflation and various economic and business trends. Forward-looking statements may be made by management orally or in writing, including, but not limited to, Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and other sections of our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Securities Act of 1933.

Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and a variety of factors could cause actual results to differ materially from the anticipated or expected results expressed in or suggested by these forward-looking statements. Factors that might cause or contribute to such differences include, but are not limited to, actions by governmental entities, domestic and international economic activity and inflation, our successful execution of internal operating plans and new store and new market expansion plans, including successful integration of acquisitions, performance issues with key suppliers, disruption in buying trends due to homeland security concerns, severe weather, foreign currency fluctuations, government export and import policies, aggressive advertising or marketing activities of competitors and legal proceedings. Future results will also be dependent upon our ability to continue to identify and complete successful expansions and penetrations into existing and new markets and our ability to integrate such expansions with our existing operations. Refer to “Risk Factors” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended February 2, 2008 for a more complete discussion of these and other factors that might affect our performance and financial results. These forward-looking statements are intended to relay the Company’s expectations about the future, and speak only as of the date they are made. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1 — CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GENERAL INFORMATION

The condensed consolidated financial statements herein include the accounts of The Men’s Wearhouse, Inc. and its subsidiaries and have been prepared without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. As applicable under such regulations, certain information and footnote disclosures have been condensed or omitted. We believe that the presentation and disclosures herein are adequate to make the information not misleading, and the condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all elimination entries and normal adjustments which are necessary for a fair statement of the results for the three and nine months ended November 3, 2007 and November 1, 2008.

Operating results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results for full years. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements for the year ended February 2, 2008 and the related notes thereto included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year then ended filed with the SEC.

Unless the context otherwise requires, “Company”, “we”, “us” and “our” refer to The Men’s Wearhouse, Inc. and its subsidiaries.

[Table of Contents](#)

THE MEN'S WEARHOUSE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(In thousands)

	November 3, 2007 <u>(Unaudited)</u>	November 1, 2008 <u>(Unaudited)</u>	February 2, 2008 <u></u>
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 102,531	\$ 84,337	\$ 39,446
Short-term investments	—	17,434	59,921
Accounts receivable, net	24,118	17,804	18,144
Inventories	515,917	490,831	492,423
Other current assets	<u>69,217</u>	<u>66,223</u>	<u>61,061</u>
Total current assets	711,783	676,629	670,995
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net	392,917	393,391	410,167
TUXEDO RENTAL PRODUCT, net	71,120	84,702	84,089
GOODWILL	73,674	58,695	65,309
OTHER ASSETS, net	<u>23,204</u>	<u>18,361</u>	<u>25,907</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$1,272,698</u>	<u>\$1,231,778</u>	<u>\$1,256,467</u>
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable	\$ 131,543	\$ 130,944	\$ 146,713
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	123,214	102,347	124,952
Income taxes payable	<u>19,425</u>	<u>468</u>	<u>5,590</u>
Total current liabilities	274,182	233,759	277,255
LONG-TERM DEBT	92,595	88,608	92,399
DEFERRED TAXES AND OTHER LIABILITIES	<u>68,294</u>	<u>65,674</u>	<u>70,876</u>
Total liabilities	<u>435,071</u>	<u>388,041</u>	<u>440,530</u>
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 4 and Note 12)			
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:			
Preferred stock	—	—	—
Common stock	695	699	696
Capital in excess of par	301,690	312,485	305,209
Retained earnings	868,968	926,468	880,084
Accumulated other comprehensive income	<u>51,929</u>	<u>16,621</u>	<u>43,629</u>
Total	1,223,282	1,256,273	1,229,618
Treasury stock, at cost	<u>(385,655)</u>	<u>(412,536)</u>	<u>(413,681)</u>
Total shareholders' equity	<u>837,627</u>	<u>843,737</u>	<u>815,937</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$1,272,698</u>	<u>\$1,231,778</u>	<u>\$1,256,467</u>

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

THE MEN'S WEARHOUSE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS
(In thousands, except per share data)
(Unaudited)

	<u>For the Three Months Ended</u>		<u>For the Nine Months Ended</u>	
	<u>November 3, 2007</u>	<u>November 1, 2008</u>	<u>November 3, 2007</u>	<u>November 1, 2008</u>
Net sales:				
Clothing product	\$ 384,047	\$ 334,415	\$ 1,189,945	\$ 1,109,014
Tuxedo rental services	96,090	96,498	290,521	294,145
Alteration and other services	31,999	28,760	97,134	92,899
Total net sales	<u>512,136</u>	<u>459,673</u>	<u>1,577,600</u>	<u>1,496,058</u>
Cost of sales:				
Clothing product, including buying and distribution costs	159,204	143,793	512,360	484,758
Tuxedo rental services	16,383	16,202	52,072	49,569
Alteration and other services	24,941	23,673	74,346	73,608
Occupancy costs	71,137	73,281	197,580	220,601
Total cost of sales	<u>271,665</u>	<u>256,949</u>	<u>836,358</u>	<u>828,536</u>
Gross margin	240,471	202,724	741,242	667,522
Selling, general and administrative expenses	<u>181,307</u>	<u>178,955</u>	<u>534,139</u>	<u>574,491</u>
Operating income	59,164	23,769	207,103	93,031
Interest income	(1,352)	(744)	(4,655)	(2,259)
Interest expense	<u>1,304</u>	<u>978</u>	<u>3,513</u>	<u>3,617</u>
Earnings before income taxes	59,212	23,535	208,245	91,673
Provision for income taxes	<u>22,145</u>	<u>8,948</u>	<u>76,019</u>	<u>34,318</u>
Net earnings	<u>\$ 37,067</u>	<u>\$ 14,587</u>	<u>\$ 132,226</u>	<u>\$ 57,355</u>
Net earnings per share:				
Basic	<u>\$ 0.70</u>	<u>\$ 0.28</u>	<u>\$ 2.47</u>	<u>\$ 1.11</u>
Diluted	<u>\$ 0.69</u>	<u>\$ 0.28</u>	<u>\$ 2.44</u>	<u>\$ 1.10</u>
Weighted average common shares outstanding:				
Basic	<u>53,141</u>	<u>51,703</u>	<u>53,614</u>	<u>51,604</u>
Diluted	<u>53,775</u>	<u>52,011</u>	<u>54,284</u>	<u>51,913</u>
Cash dividends declared per share	<u>\$ 0.06</u>	<u>\$ 0.07</u>	<u>\$ 0.17</u>	<u>\$ 0.21</u>

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

[Table of Contents](#)

THE MEN'S WEARHOUSE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(In thousands)
(Unaudited)

	For the Nine Months Ended	
	November 3, 2007	November 1, 2008
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net earnings	\$ 132,226	\$ 57,355
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	57,293	68,699
Tuxedo rental product amortization	36,976	31,739
(Gain)/loss on disposition of assets	13	(212)
Deferred rent expense	1,374	2,586
Share-based compensation	6,071	7,333
Deferred tax provision	529	1,984
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(2,205)	71
Increase in inventories	(43,825)	(9,953)
Increase in tuxedo rental product	(17,525)	(35,644)
(Increase) decrease in other assets	(2,630)	1,110
Decrease in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities	(21,157)	(21,390)
Decrease in income taxes payable	(2,968)	(13,879)
Decrease in other liabilities	(1,088)	(1,738)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>143,084</u>	<u>88,061</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Capital expenditures	(90,394)	(69,485)
Net assets acquired, net of cash	(68,253)	—
Purchases of available-for-sale investments	(277,480)	(17,434)
Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale investments	277,480	59,921
Other investing activities	(91)	175
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(158,738)</u>	<u>(26,823)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	6,323	2,359
Proceeds from revolving credit facility	—	150,600
Payments on revolving credit facility	—	(105,975)
Payments on Canadian term loan	—	(31,880)
Cash dividends paid	(9,186)	(10,936)
Tax payments related to vested deferred stock units	(2,207)	(1,402)
Excess tax benefits from share-based plans	3,402	125
Purchase of treasury stock	(78,080)	(156)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	<u>(79,748)</u>	<u>2,735</u>
Effect of exchange rate changes	<u>18,239</u>	<u>(19,082)</u>
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(77,163)	44,891
Balance at beginning of period	<u>179,694</u>	<u>39,446</u>
Balance at end of period	<u>\$ 102,531</u>	<u>\$ 84,337</u>

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

THE MEN'S WEARHOUSE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

1. Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation — The condensed consolidated financial statements herein include the accounts of The Men's Wearhouse, Inc. and its subsidiaries (the "Company") and have been prepared without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). As applicable under such regulations, certain information and footnote disclosures have been condensed or omitted. We believe that the presentation and disclosures herein are adequate to make the information not misleading, and the condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all elimination entries and normal adjustments which are necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position, results of operations and cash flows at the dates and for the periods presented. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended February 2, 2008.

The preparation of the condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principals generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and related disclosures. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

Short-term investments at November 1, 2008 consist of highly liquid cashable guaranteed investment certificates with original maturities of more than three months, but less than one year. Cashable guaranteed investment certificates are one year investments that can be liquidated any time after a 30 day holding period from the date of purchase without penalty. Guaranteed investment certificates are invested with various Canadian banks. These short-term investments are classified as available-for-sale and are carried at cost or par value which approximates the fair market value, with interest on these securities included in interest income.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements — In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard ("SFAS") No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements" ("SFAS 157"). This statement defines fair value, establishes a framework for using fair value to measure assets and liabilities, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. The statement applies whenever other statements require or permit assets or liabilities to be measured at fair value. SFAS 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. In February 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position (FSP) FAS 157-1, "Application of FASB Statement No. 157 to FASB Statement No. 13 and Other Accounting Pronouncements That Address Fair Value Measurements for Purposes of Lease Classification or Measurement under Statement 13," which removes certain leasing transactions from the scope of SFAS 157, and FSP FAS 157-2, "Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157," which defers the effective date of SFAS 157 for one year for certain nonfinancial assets and liabilities. On February 3, 2008, we adopted without material impact to our financial position, results of operations or cash flows the provisions of SFAS 157 related to financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Beginning February 1, 2009, we will adopt the provisions for nonfinancial assets and liabilities that are not required or permitted to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis, which include those measured at fair value in goodwill impairment testing, indefinite-lived intangible assets measured at fair value for impairment assessment, nonfinancial long-lived assets measured at fair value for impairment assessment, asset retirement obligations initially measured at fair value, and those initially measured at fair value in a business combination. We do not expect the provisions of SFAS 157 related to these items to have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Refer to Note 10 for SFAS 157 fair value measurement disclosures.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities — Including an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 115" ("SFAS 159"). SFAS 159 provides companies with an option to measure certain financial instruments and other items at fair value with changes in fair value reported in earnings. SFAS 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. We have not elected to exercise the fair value irrevocable option and, as such, the adoption of SFAS 159 did not have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

THE MEN'S WEARHOUSE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Unaudited)

In June 2007, the Emerging Issues Task Force (“EITF”) ratified its conclusion on EITF Issue No. 06-11, “Accounting for the Income Tax Benefits of Dividends on Share-Based Payment Awards” (“EITF 06-11”). EITF 06-11 provides that tax benefits associated with dividends on share-based payment awards be recorded as a component of additional paid-in capital. EITF 06-11 is effective, on a prospective basis, for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2007. The adoption of EITF 06-11 did not have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141 (revised 2007), “Business Combinations” (“SFAS 141R”). SFAS 141R establishes principles and requirements for how a company recognizes assets acquired, liabilities assumed, contractual contingencies and contingent consideration measured at fair value at the acquisition date. The statement also establishes disclosure requirements which will enable users to evaluate the nature and financial effect of the business combination. SFAS 141R is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. Currently, the adoption of SFAS 141R is not expected to have a significant impact on our financial position, results of operation or cash flows. A significant impact may however be realized on any future acquisitions by the Company. The amounts of such impact cannot be currently determined and will depend on the nature and terms of such future acquisitions, if any.

In June 2008, the FASB issued FSP EITF 03-6-1, “Determining Whether Instruments Granted in Share-Based Payment Transactions Are Participating Securities.” This FSP provides that unvested share-based payment awards that contain non-forfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents (whether paid or unpaid) are participating securities and shall be included in the computation of earnings per share pursuant to the two-class method. The FSP is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008, and interim periods within those years. All prior period earnings per share data presented shall be adjusted retrospectively. Early application of this FSP is prohibited. We are currently evaluating the potential impact of adopting FSP EITF 03-6-1.

In June 2008, the EITF of the FASB reached a consensus on Issue No. 08-3, “Accounting by Lessees for Maintenance Deposits” (“EITF 08-3”). Effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008 and interim periods within those fiscal years, EITF 08-3 concluded that all maintenance deposits within its scope should be accounted for as a deposit and expensed or capitalized in accordance with the lessee’s maintenance accounting policy. We do not expect that the adoption of EITF 08-3 will have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

2. Acquisition

On April 9, 2007, we completed the acquisition of After Hours Formalwear, Inc (“After Hours”), a men’s formalwear chain in the United States with 509 stores operating under After Hours Formalwear and Mr. Tux store fronts. The results of After Hours’ operations have been included in the condensed consolidated financial statements since the acquisition date, beginning April 10, 2007.

The Company also entered into a marketing agreement with David’s Bridal, Inc., the nation’s largest bridal retailer, in connection with the acquisition. The marketing agreement continued a preferred relationship between David’s Bridal, Inc. and After Hours and extended the preferred relationship to include the tuxedo rental operations of the Men’s Wearhouse stores.

Under the terms of the stock purchase agreement, we acquired all of the outstanding stock of After Hours from Federated Department Stores, Inc. in exchange for an aggregate purchase price of \$100.0 million, adjusted for certain items, primarily customer cash deposits retained by Federated on rentals to be completed after closing. The total net cash consideration paid after these adjustments and other acquisition costs was approximately \$69.8 million. Since the acquisition, we have re-branded the stores to MW Tux.

[Table of Contents](#)

THE MEN'S WEARHOUSE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Unaudited)

The following table summarizes the recorded fair values of the non-cash assets and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition (in thousands):

	<u>As of April 9, 2007</u>
Current non-cash assets	\$ 33,707
Property and equipment	62,949
Tuxedo rental product	28,863
Goodwill	5,027
Intangible assets	9,260
Other assets	<u>4,704</u>
Total assets acquired	<u>144,510</u>
Current liabilities	65,698
Other liabilities	<u>8,971</u>
Total liabilities assumed	<u>74,669</u>
Net assets acquired	<u>\$ 69,841</u>

All goodwill resulting from the acquisition is expected to be deductible for tax purposes. Acquired intangible assets consist primarily of favorable leases which are amortized over the remaining lease terms, ranging from one to 10 years.

[Table of Contents](#)

THE MEN'S WEARHOUSE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Unaudited)

The following pro forma information presents the Company's results of operations for the first nine months of 2007 as if the After Hours acquisition had occurred on January 29, 2006, after giving effect to certain purchase accounting adjustments (in thousands, except per share amounts).

	Pro Forma for the Nine Months Ended November 3, 2007
Net sales:	
Clothing product	\$ 1,193,463
Tuxedo rental services	316,855
Alteration and other services	97,262
Total net sales	<u>1,607,580</u>
Cost of sales:	
Clothing product including buying and distribution costs	514,974
Tuxedo rental services	56,313
Alteration and other services	74,346
Occupancy costs	203,974
Total cost of sales	<u>849,607</u>
Gross margin	757,973
Selling, general and administrative expenses	<u>563,918</u>
Operating income	194,055
Interest income	(4,177)
Interest expense	<u>3,724</u>
Earnings before income taxes	194,508
Provision for income taxes	<u>70,878</u>
Net earnings	<u>\$ 123,630</u>
Net earnings per share:	
Basic	<u>\$ 2.31</u>
Diluted	<u>\$ 2.28</u>
Weighted average common shares outstanding:	
Basic	<u>53,614</u>
Diluted	<u>54,284</u>

THE MEN'S WEARHOUSE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Unaudited)

This pro forma information is not necessarily indicative of actual results had the acquisition occurred on January 29, 2006, nor is it necessarily indicative of future results, and does not reflect potential synergies, integration costs, or other such costs or savings. In addition, the tuxedo rental business is heavily concentrated in the months of April, May, and June. Second quarter, followed by the third quarter, is the highest revenue quarter for the tuxedo rental business and first and fourth quarters are considered off season.

3. Earnings per Share

Basic EPS is computed using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period and net earnings. Diluted EPS gives effect to the potential dilution which would have occurred if additional shares were issued for stock options exercised under the treasury stock method, as well as the potential dilution that could occur if other contracts to issue common stock were converted or exercised.

The following table reconciles basic and diluted weighted average common shares outstanding and the related net earnings per share (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	<u>For the Three Months Ended</u>		<u>For the Nine Months Ended</u>	
	<u>November 3, 2007</u>	<u>November 1, 2008</u>	<u>November 3, 2007</u>	<u>November 1, 2008</u>
Net earnings	\$ 37,067	\$ 14,587	\$ 132,226	\$ 57,355
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding	53,141	51,703	53,614	51,604
Effect of dilutive securities:				
Stock options and equity-based compensation	<u>634</u>	<u>308</u>	<u>670</u>	<u>309</u>
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	<u>53,775</u>	<u>52,011</u>	<u>54,284</u>	<u>51,913</u>
Net earnings per share:				
Basic	<u>\$ 0.70</u>	<u>\$ 0.28</u>	<u>\$ 2.47</u>	<u>\$ 1.11</u>
Diluted	<u>\$ 0.69</u>	<u>\$ 0.28</u>	<u>\$ 2.44</u>	<u>\$ 1.10</u>

There were 1.0 million and 1.2 million shares of common stock which were excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share because their effect would have been anti-dilutive for the three and nine months ended November 1, 2008, respectively. There were 7 thousand and 11 thousand shares of common stock which were excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share because their effect would have been anti-dilutive for the three and nine months ended November 3, 2007, respectively.

4. Long-Term Debt

Our Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with a group of banks, which was last amended on February 2, 2007, provides for a secured revolving credit facility of \$200.0 million, which can be expanded to \$250.0 million upon additional lender commitments, that matures on February 11, 2012. The Credit Agreement also provided our Canadian subsidiaries with a secured term loan used to fund the repatriation of US\$74.7 million of Canadian earnings in January 2006 under the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004. The Canadian term loan matures on February 10, 2011. The Credit Agreement is secured by the stock of certain of the Company's subsidiaries. The Credit Agreement has several borrowing and interest rate options including the following indices: (i) an alternate base rate (equal to the greater of the prime rate or the federal funds rate plus 0.5%) or (ii) LIBO rate or (iii) CDO rate. Advances under the Credit Agreement bear interest at a rate per annum using the applicable indices plus a varying interest rate margin up to 1.125%. The Credit Agreement also provides for fees applicable to unused commitments ranging from 0.100% to 0.175%. As of November 1, 2008, there was \$50 million outstanding under the revolving credit facility with an effective interest rate of 4.2% and US\$38.6 million outstanding under the Canadian term loan with an effective interest rate of 3.3%.

THE MEN'S WEARHOUSE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Unaudited)

The Credit Agreement contains certain restrictive and financial covenants, including the requirement to maintain certain financial ratios. The restrictive provisions in the Credit Agreement reflect an overall covenant structure that is generally representative of a commercial loan made to an investment-grade company. Our debt, however, is not rated, and we have not sought, and are not seeking, a rating of our debt. We were in compliance with the covenants in the Credit Agreement as of November 1, 2008.

We utilize letters of credit primarily to secure inventory purchases. At November 1, 2008, letters of credit totaling approximately \$16.2 million were issued and outstanding.

5. Income Taxes

During the first quarter of 2008, we concluded and settled certain income tax audits resulting in a cash payment of \$1.0 million, of which \$0.3 million was interest, and recognition of \$1.3 million of previously unrecognized tax benefits and \$0.4 million of benefit from associated accrued interest. The amount of recognized tax benefits that affected the effective tax rate for the nine months ended November 1, 2008 was \$1.1 million.

6. Comprehensive Income (Loss) and Supplemental Cash Flows

Our comprehensive income (loss) is as follows (in thousands):

	<u>For the Three Months Ended</u>		<u>For the Nine Months Ended</u>	
	<u>November 3, 2007</u>	<u>November 1, 2008</u>	<u>November 3, 2007</u>	<u>November 1, 2008</u>
Net earnings	\$ 37,067	\$ 14,587	\$ 132,226	\$ 57,355
Currency translation adjustments, net of tax	15,865	(22,284)	28,432	(27,008)
Comprehensive income (loss)	<u>\$ 52,932</u>	<u>\$ (7,697)</u>	<u>\$ 160,658</u>	<u>\$ 30,347</u>

Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information is as follows (in thousands):

	<u>For the Nine Months Ended</u>	
	<u>November 3, 2007</u>	<u>November 1, 2008</u>
Cash paid:		
Interest	\$ 3,451	\$ 3,431
Income taxes	77,075	46,689

Schedule of noncash investing and financing activities:

Tax benefit (deficiency) related to stock-based plans	4,209	(710)
Treasury stock contributed to employee stock plan	2,500	1,000

We had cash dividends declared of \$3.2 million and \$3.7 million at November 3, 2007 and November 1, 2008, respectively. We had capital expenditure purchases accrued in accounts payable and accrued expenses of approximately \$10.9 million and \$4.5 million at November 3, 2007 and November 1, 2008, respectively.

THE MEN'S WEARHOUSE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Unaudited)

7. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Changes in the net carrying amount of goodwill for the year ended February 2, 2008 and for the nine months ended November 1, 2008 are as follows (in thousands):

Balance February 3, 2007	\$56,867
Translation adjustment	4,513
Goodwill of acquired business	6,365
Adjustment for excess tax deductible goodwill	<u>(2,436)</u>
Balance, February 2, 2008	\$65,309
Translation adjustment	(4,881)
Adjustment of goodwill of acquired business	(1,338)
Adjustment for excess tax deductible goodwill	<u>(395)</u>
Balance, November 1, 2008	<u>\$58,695</u>

Goodwill increased by \$6.4 million in fiscal 2007 as a result of the acquisition of After Hours on April 9, 2007. Goodwill decreased by \$1.3 million as we completed our assessment of the fair values of the acquired After Hours assets and liabilities during the first quarter of 2008. Refer to Note 2 for additional discussion of the After Hours acquisition.

The gross carrying amount and accumulated amortization of our other intangibles, which are included in other assets in the accompanying balance sheet, are as follows (in thousands):

	<u>November 3, 2007</u>	<u>November 1, 2008</u>	<u>February 2, 2008</u>
Trademarks, tradenames, favorable leases and other intangibles	\$ 15,712	\$ 17,064	\$ 17,053
Accumulated amortization	<u>(5,864)</u>	<u>(8,692)</u>	<u>(6,753)</u>
Net total	<u>\$ 9,848</u>	<u>\$ 8,372</u>	<u>\$ 10,300</u>

The pretax amortization expense associated with intangible assets totaled approximately \$1.5 million and \$1.9 million for the nine months ended November 3, 2007 and November 1, 2008, respectively, and approximately \$2.3 million for the year ended February 2, 2008. Pretax amortization associated with intangible assets at November 1, 2008 is estimated to be \$0.7 million for the remainder of fiscal year 2008, \$2.1 million for fiscal year 2009, \$1.5 million for fiscal year 2010, \$1.2 million for fiscal year 2011 and \$0.8 million for fiscal year 2012.

THE MEN'S WEARHOUSE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Unaudited)

8. Treasury Stock

As of November 1, 2008, we had 18,104,310 shares held in treasury stock. The change in our treasury shares for the year ended February 2, 2008 and for the nine months ended November 1, 2008 is provided below:

	Treasury Shares
Balance, February 2, 2007	15,234,677
Treasury stock issued to profit sharing plan	(65,207)
Purchases of treasury stock	<u>2,985,190</u>
Balance, February 2, 2008	18,154,660
Treasury stock issued to profit sharing plan	(57,078)
Purchases of treasury stock	<u>6,728</u>
Balance, November 1, 2008	<u>18,104,310</u>

In January 2006, the Board of Directors authorized a \$100.0 million share repurchase program of our common stock. This authorization superceded any remaining previous authorizations. In August 2007, the Company's Board of Directors approved a replenishment of the Company's share repurchase program to \$100 million by authorizing \$90.3 million to be added to the remaining \$9.7 million of the then current program. During the first nine months of 2007, 1,063,200 shares at a cost of \$50.1 million were purchased in open market transactions under the January 2006 authorization at an average price of \$47.08 and 694,800 shares at a cost of \$28.0 million were purchased in open market transactions under the August 2007 authorization at an average price of \$40.34. No shares were repurchased under the August 2007 authorization during the first nine months of 2008. At November 1, 2008, the remaining balance available under the August 2007 replenishment was \$44.3 million.

During the nine months ended November 1, 2008, 6,728 shares at a cost of \$0.2 million were repurchased at an average price per share of \$23.13 in a private transaction to satisfy tax withholding obligations arising upon the vesting of certain restricted stock.

9. Stock-Based Compensation Plans

We maintain several equity plans under which we may grant stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, deferred stock units and performance based awards to full-time key employees and non-employee directors. We account for stock-based awards using SFAS No. 123 (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment" ("SFAS 123R"), which requires the compensation cost resulting from all share-based payment transactions be recognized in the financial statements. The amount of compensation cost is measured based on the grant-date fair value of the instrument issued and is recognized over the vesting period. Stock-based compensation expense recognized for the three and nine months ended November 3, 2007 was \$2.0 million and \$6.1 million, respectively. Stock-based compensation expense recognized for the three and nine months ended November 1, 2008 was \$2.6 million and \$7.3 million, respectively. Excess tax benefits realized from the exercise of stock-based compensation were \$3.4 million and \$0.1 million for the nine months ended November 3, 2007 and November 1, 2008, respectively.

THE MEN'S WEARHOUSE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Unaudited)

Stock Options

The following table summarizes stock option activity for the nine months ended November 1, 2008:

	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Weighted-Average Exercise Price</u>
Outstanding at February 2, 2008	1,109,125	\$ 17.82
Granted	694,000	23.00
Exercised	(52,922)	13.69
Forfeited or expired	(58,823)	22.05
Outstanding at November 1, 2008	<u>1,691,380</u>	<u>\$ 19.93</u>
Exercisable at November 1, 2008	<u>493,113</u>	<u>\$ 15.26</u>

The weighted-average fair value of the 694,000 stock options granted during the nine months ended November 1, 2008 was \$8.09 per share. The following table summarizes the weighted average assumptions used to fair value stock options at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model for nine months ended November 1, 2008. No stock options were granted during the three months ended November 1, 2008.

	<u>For the Nine months ended November 1, 2008</u>
Risk-free interest rate	2.41%
Expected lives	4.5 years
Dividend yield	0.79%
Expected volatility	41.57%

The assumptions presented in the table above represent the weighted average of the applicable assumptions used to fair value stock options. Expected volatility is based on historical volatility of our common stock. The expected term is based upon historical observation of actual time elapsed between date of grant and settlement of options for all employees. The risk-free interest rate is based on a zero-coupon U.S. Treasury issue as of the date of grant over the expected term. The dividend yield is based on the estimated annual cash dividend divided by the market price of our common stock at the time of payment.

As of November 1, 2008, we have unrecognized compensation expense related to nonvested stock options of approximately \$6.9 million which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 3.4 years.

THE MEN'S WEARHOUSE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Unaudited)

Restricted Stock and Deferred Stock Units

The following table summarizes restricted stock and deferred stock unit activity for the nine months ended November 1, 2008:

	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Weighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value</u>
Nonvested at February 2, 2008	467,036	\$ 33.30
Granted	261,592	23.09
Vested	(209,245)	33.94
Forfeited	(12,875)	30.20
Nonvested at November 1, 2008	<u>506,508</u>	\$ 27.84

During the nine months ended November 1, 2008, 20,860 restricted stock shares and 188,385 deferred stock units vested. No shares of restricted stock were granted or forfeited during the nine months ended November 1, 2008. Total nonvested shares of 506,508 at November 1, 2008 include 67,080 nonvested restricted stock shares.

As of November 1, 2008, we have unrecognized compensation expense related to nonvested restricted stock and deferred stock units of approximately \$8.3 million which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.9 years.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan

The Employee Stock Discount Plan ("ESDP") allows employees to authorize after-tax payroll deductions to be used for the purchase of up to 2,137,500 shares of our common stock at 85% of the lesser of the fair market value on the first day of the offering period or the fair market value on the last day of the offering period. We make no contributions to this plan but pay all brokerage, service and other costs incurred. The plan, as amended, allows participants to purchase no more than 125 shares during any calendar quarter.

During the nine months ended November 1, 2008, employees purchased 104,488 shares under the ESDP, which had a weighted-average share price of \$15.64 per share. As of November 1, 2008, 1,359,363 shares were reserved for future issuance under the ESDP.

10. Fair Value Measurements

SFAS 157 establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, categorizing the inputs used to measure fair value. The hierarchy can be described as follows: Level 1- observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets; Level 2- inputs other than the quoted prices in active markets that are observable either directly or indirectly; and Level 3- unobservable inputs in which there is little or no market data, which require the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions. The fair value hierarchy also requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value.

As of November 1, 2008, we have highly liquid investments classified as cash equivalents and short-term investments included in our condensed consolidated balance sheet. Cash equivalents consist of money market instruments and guaranteed investment certificates that have original maturities of three months or less. Short-term investments consist of cashable guaranteed investment certificates with original maturities of more than three months, but less than one year. Cashable guaranteed investment certificates are one year investments that can be liquidated any time after a 30 day holding period from

THE MEN'S WEARHOUSE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Unaudited)

the date of purchase without penalty. As of November 1, 2008, the fair value and carrying amount of these instruments included in cash equivalents and short-term investments was \$53.3 million and \$17.4 million, respectively. The carrying amount of these instruments approximates fair value and is considered a Level 1 fair value measurement based on the criteria and fair value hierarchy of SFAS 157. We had no financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at November 1, 2008.

Refer to Note 1 for additional information regarding SFAS 157.

11. Manufacturing Facility Closure

On March 3, 2008, we announced that Golden Brand Clothing (Canada) Ltd., an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, intended to close its Montreal, Quebec-based manufacturing facility. Despite previous reductions in production over the last three years, the strengthening Canadian dollar during that period and the increasing pace of imports by competitors resulted in the decision to close the manufacturing facility. A grievance filed in May 2008 by the Canadian union representing certain employees at the manufacturing facility in Montreal was resolved on July 7, 2008, and the facility was closed on July 11, 2008.

As of November 1, 2008, we have recognized pretax costs of \$10.0 million for closure of the facility, including \$6.6 million for severance payments, \$1.1 million for the write-off of fixed assets, \$1.6 million for lease termination payments and approximately \$0.7 million for other costs related to closing the facility. These charges are included in "Selling, general and administrative expenses" in our condensed consolidated statement of earnings. Cash payments of \$6.7 million related to the closure of the facility were paid in the nine months ended November 1, 2008. The accrued balance of \$1.2 million at November 1, 2008 for closure of the facility relates to the remaining lease termination payments which will be paid over the remaining term of the lease, ending February 2010. We do not expect to incur any additional charges in connection with the closure of the Montreal manufacturing facility.

The following table details information related to pretax charges recorded during the three months ended November 1, 2008 related to the closure of the Montreal manufacturing facility (in thousands):

Accrued costs at August 2, 2008	\$ 1,686
Costs incurred	1,818
Cash payments	(2,101)
Non-cash charges	294
Translation adjustment	(510)
Accrued costs at November 1, 2008	<u>\$ 1,187</u>

The following table details information related to pretax charges recorded during the nine months ended November 1, 2008 related to the closure of the Montreal manufacturing facility (in thousands):

Accrued costs at February 2, 2008	\$ —
Costs incurred	9,984
Cash payments	(6,658)
Non-cash charges	(1,527)
Translation adjustment	(612)
Accrued costs at November 1, 2008	<u>\$ 1,187</u>

THE MEN'S WEARHOUSE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Unaudited)

12. Legal Matters

We are involved in various routine legal proceedings, including ongoing litigation, incidental to the conduct of our business. Management believes that none of these matters will have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

13. Supplemental Sales Information (in thousands)

	<u>For the Three Months Ended</u>		<u>For the Nine Months Ended</u>	
	<u>November 3, 2007</u>	<u>November 1, 2008</u>	<u>November 3, 2007</u>	<u>November 1, 2008</u>
Net sales:				
Men's tailored clothing product	\$ 201,388	\$ 174,579	\$ 620,044	\$ 578,447
Men's non-tailored clothing product	163,227	140,347	508,091	465,616
Ladies clothing product	14,775	14,666	50,759	48,019
Corporate uniform product	4,657	4,823	11,051	16,932
Total clothing product	<u>384,047</u>	<u>334,415</u>	<u>1,189,945</u>	<u>1,109,014</u>
Tuxedo rentals	<u>96,090</u>	<u>96,498</u>	<u>290,521</u>	<u>294,145</u>
Alteration services	26,580	23,225	80,699	75,802
Retail dry cleaning services	5,419	5,535	16,435	17,097
Total alteration and other services	<u>31,999</u>	<u>28,760</u>	<u>97,134</u>	<u>92,899</u>
Total net sales	<u>\$ 512,136</u>	<u>\$ 459,673</u>	<u>\$ 1,577,600</u>	<u>\$ 1,496,058</u>
Net sales by brand:				
MW (including After Hours from April 10, 2007)	\$ 354,042	\$ 315,607	\$ 1,073,031	\$ 1,006,229
K&G	87,656	80,415	298,842	277,442
Moore's	60,479	53,293	178,578	178,358
MW Cleaners	5,302	5,535	16,098	17,097
Twin Hill	4,657	4,823	11,051	16,932
Total net sales	<u>\$ 512,136</u>	<u>\$ 459,673</u>	<u>\$ 1,577,600</u>	<u>\$ 1,496,058</u>

The acquired After Hours stores have been re-branded to MW Tux.

**ITEM 2 — MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

General

For supplemental information, it is suggested that “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” be read in conjunction with the corresponding section included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended February 2, 2008. References herein to years are to our 52-week or 53-week fiscal year which ends on the Saturday nearest January 31 in the following calendar year. For example, references to “2008” mean the 52-week fiscal year ending January 31, 2009.

The following table presents information with respect to retail apparel stores in operation during each of the respective fiscal periods:

	For the Three Months Ended		For the Nine Months Ended		For the Year Ended
	November 3, 2007	November 1, 2008	November 3, 2007	November 1, 2008	February 2, 2008
Stores open at beginning of period:	1,269	1,287	752	1,273	752
Opened	15	16	35	40	42
Acquired	—	—	509	—	509
Closed	(12)	(5)	(24)	(15)	(30)
Stores open at end of period	<u>1,272</u>	<u>1,298</u>	<u>1,272</u>	<u>1,298</u>	<u>1,273</u>
Stores open at end of period:					
U.S. —					
Men’s Wearhouse	560	579	560	579	563
MW Tux	493	495	493	495	489
K&G	<u>103</u>	<u>107</u>	<u>103</u>	<u>107</u>	<u>105</u>
	1,156	1,181	1,156	1,181	1,157
Canada —					
Moores	<u>116</u>	<u>117</u>	<u>116</u>	<u>117</u>	<u>116</u>
	<u>1,272</u>	<u>1,298</u>	<u>1,272</u>	<u>1,298</u>	<u>1,273</u>

On April 9, 2007, we completed the acquisition of After Hours, a men’s formalwear chain in the United States with 509 stores operating under After Hours Formalwear and Mr. Tux store fronts. Under the terms of the stock purchase agreement, we acquired all of the outstanding stock of After Hours from Federated Department Stores, Inc. in exchange for an aggregate purchase price of \$100.0 million, adjusted for certain items, primarily customer cash deposits retained by Federated on rentals to be completed after closing. The total net cash consideration paid after these adjustments and other acquisition costs was approximately \$69.8 million. Since the acquisition, we have re-branded the stores to MW Tux.

As of November 1, 2008, we are operating 34 retail dry cleaning and laundry facilities in the Houston, Texas area. In addition, we continue to pursue our corporate apparel and uniform program by entering into contracts to provide corporate uniforms to our customers’ workforces.

[Table of Contents](#)

Results of Operations

Three Months Ended November 3, 2007 compared to Three Months Ended November 1, 2008

The following table sets forth the Company's results of operations expressed as a percentage of net sales for the periods indicated:

	For the Three Months Ended	
	November 3, 2007	November 1, 2008
Net sales:		
Clothing product	75.0%	72.8%
Tuxedo rental services	18.8	21.0
Alteration and other services	6.2	6.2
Total net sales	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of sales:		
Clothing product, including buying and distribution costs	31.0	31.3
Tuxedo rental services	3.2	3.5
Alteration and other services	4.9	5.2
Occupancy costs	13.9	15.9
Gross margin	47.0	44.1
Selling, general and administrative expenses	35.4	38.9
Operating income	11.6	5.2
Interest income	(0.3)	(0.2)
Interest expense	0.3	0.2
Earnings before income taxes	11.6	5.2
Provision for income taxes	4.4	2.0
Net earnings	7.2%	3.2%

The Company's net sales decreased \$52.5 million, or 10.2%, to \$459.7 million for the three months ended November 1, 2008 as compared to the same prior year quarter. The decrease was due mainly to a \$49.6 million decrease in clothing product revenues and is attributable to the following:

(in millions)	Amount Attributed to
\$ (52.4)	Decrease in comparable sales.
5.1	Increase in net sales from 40 new stores opened in 2008.
3.5	Increase from net sales of stores opened in 2007, relocated stores and expanded stores not yet included in comparable sales.
(2.1)	Decrease in alteration and other sales.
(2.3)	Change in net sales resulting from stores closed.
(4.3)	Change in net sales resulting from exchange rate changes.
\$ (52.5)	Total

Our comparable store sales (which are calculated by excluding the net sales of a store for any month of one period if the store was not open throughout the same month of the prior period) decreased 12.1% at Men's Wearhouse, 13.0% at K&G and 4.9% at Moores. These decreases were primarily due to decreased clothing product sales resulting mainly from lower traffic levels at all of our retail apparel brands. The continued recessionary trend of the U.S. economy during the third quarter of 2008 as well as a weakening Canadian economy resulted in significant reductions in consumer discretionary spending, with sales of men's apparel being particularly affected. Buying patterns for men are considered to be more discretionary than those in other apparel areas. Our tuxedo rental service revenues were essentially flat compared to the prior year quarter but increased from 18.8% of total revenues in the third quarter of 2007 to 21.0% of total revenues in the third quarter of 2008 due to the lower clothing sales.

[Table of Contents](#)

The Company's gross margin was as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended	
	November 3, 2007	November 1, 2008
Gross margin	\$ 240,471	\$ 202,724
Gross margin as a percentage of related sales:		
Clothing product, including buying and distribution costs	58.5%	57.0%
Tuxedo rental services	83.0%	83.2%
Alteration and other services	22.1%	17.7%
Occupancy costs	(13.9)%	(15.9)%
Total gross margin	47.0%	44.1%

Total gross margin decreased 15.7% from the same prior year quarter to \$202.7 million in the third quarter of 2008. As a percentage of sales, total gross margin decreased from 47.0% in the third quarter of 2007 to 44.1% in the third quarter of 2008. This decrease is due mainly to an increase from 13.9% in the third quarter of 2007 to 15.9% in the third quarter of 2008 for occupancy cost, which is relatively constant on a per store basis and includes store related rent, common area maintenance, utilities, repairs and maintenance, security, property taxes and depreciation. On an absolute dollar basis, occupancy cost increased by 3.0% from the third quarter of 2007 to the third quarter of 2008, due mainly to increased rental rates for new and renewed leases. With respect to gross margin as a percentage of related sales, the clothing product gross margin decreased from 58.5% in 2007 to 57.0% in 2008 due primarily to increased markdowns at our Men's Wearhouse and K&G stores. The tuxedo rental services gross margin increased slightly from 83.0% in 2007 to 83.2% in 2008 due mainly to the absence in 2008 of a \$0.4 million charge taken in the third quarter of 2007 in connection with initial efforts to establish a global merchandising assortment for the combined tuxedo rental operations of After Hours and Men's Wearhouse. The gross margin for alteration and other services also decreased from 22.1% in 2007 to 17.7% in 2008 mainly because of the decreased clothing sales in the 2008 quarter and the related deleveraging of fixed costs for these services.

Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased to \$179.0 million in the third quarter of 2008 from \$181.3 million in the third quarter of 2007, a decrease of \$2.3 million or 1.3%. As a percentage of sales, these expenses increased from 35.4% in the third quarter of 2007 to 38.9% in the third quarter of 2008 due mainly to the deleveraging effect of lower sales. The components of this 3.5% change in SG&A expenses as a percentage of net sales and the related absolute dollar changes were as follows:

% of Net Sales	Attributed to
(0.2)	Decrease in advertising expense as a percentage of sales from 3.4% in the third quarter of 2007 to 3.2% in the third quarter of 2008. On an absolute dollar basis, advertising expense decreased \$2.8 million.
1.0	Increase in store salaries as a percentage of sales from 14.3% in the third quarter of 2007 to 15.3% in the third quarter of 2008. Store salaries on an absolute dollar basis decreased \$2.4 million.
0.4	Increase in other SG&A expenses of \$1.8 million in connection with the July 11, 2008 closure of the Canadian based manufacturing facility operated by the Company's subsidiary, Golden Brand.
2.3	Increase in other SG&A expenses as a percentage of sales from 17.7% in the third quarter of 2007 to 20.0% in the third quarter of 2008. On an absolute dollar basis, other SG&A expenses increased \$1.1 million.
3.5%	Total

Interest expense decreased from \$1.3 million in the third quarter of 2007 to \$1.0 million in the third quarter of 2008 while interest income decreased from \$1.4 million in the third quarter of 2007 to \$0.7 million in the third quarter of 2008. Weighted average borrowings outstanding decreased from \$85.4 million in the third quarter of 2007 to \$80.0 million in the third quarter of 2008, and the weighted average interest rate on outstanding indebtedness decreased from 5.9% to 4.5%. The change in weighted average borrowings resulted from borrowings during the quarter under our revolving credit facility that were more than offset by payments made on our Canadian term loan on October 22, 2008 of approximately US\$31.9 million. Outstanding borrowings under our revolving credit facility were \$50.0 million at November 1, 2008 at an effective interest

Table of Contents

rate of 4.2%. The weighted average interest rate for the third quarter of 2008 decreased mainly due to a decrease in the effective interest rate for the Canadian term loan from 5.5% at November 3, 2007 to 3.3% at November 1, 2008, offset partially by borrowings at a weighted average interest rate of 4.8% under our revolving credit facility during the third quarter of 2008. The decrease in interest income was primarily attributable to lower average invested cash balances and lower interest rates for the third quarter of 2008 as compared to the same period in the prior year. The average yield on our investments decreased due to changes in the investment market and our shift to more conservative investments.

Our effective income tax rate was 37.4% for the third quarter of 2007 and 38.0% for the third quarter of 2008. The effective tax rate in 2007 and 2008 was higher than the statutory U.S. federal rate of 35% primarily due to the effect of state income taxes.

These factors resulted in net earnings of \$14.6 million or 3.2% of net sales for the third quarter of 2008, compared with net earnings of \$37.1 million or 7.2% of net sales for the third quarter of 2007.

Nine Months Ended November 3, 2007 compared to Nine Months Ended November 1, 2008

The following table sets forth the Company's results of operations expressed as a percentage of net sales for the periods indicated:

	<u>For the Nine Months Ended</u>	
	<u>November 3, 2007</u>	<u>November 1, 2008</u>
Net sales:		
Clothing product	75.4%	74.1%
Tuxedo rental services	18.4	19.7
Alteration and other services	<u>6.2</u>	<u>6.2</u>
Total net sales	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of sales:		
Clothing product, including buying and distribution costs	32.5	32.4
Tuxedo rental services	3.3	3.3
Alteration and other services	4.7	4.9
Occupancy costs	<u>12.5</u>	<u>14.8</u>
Gross margin	47.0	44.6
Selling, general and administrative expenses	<u>33.9</u>	<u>38.4</u>
Operating income	13.1	6.2
Interest income	(0.3)	(0.1)
Interest expense	<u>0.2</u>	<u>0.2</u>
Earnings before income taxes	13.2	6.1
Provision for income taxes	<u>4.8</u>	<u>2.3</u>
Net earnings	<u>8.4%</u>	<u>3.8%</u>

Table of Contents

The Company's net sales decreased \$81.5 million, or 5.2%, to \$1,496.1 million for the nine months ended November 1, 2008 as compared to the nine months ended November 3, 2007. The decrease was due mainly to an \$80.9 million decrease in clothing product revenues, offset partially by a \$3.6 million increase in tuxedo rental service revenues and is attributable to the following:

(in millions)	Amount Attributed to
\$ (123.9)	Decrease in comparable sales.
24.0	Increase from net sales of stores opened in 2007, relocated stores and expanded stores not yet included in comparable sales.
9.7	Increase in net sales from 40 new stores opened in 2008.
3.4	Increase in alteration and other sales.
3.4	Increase from net sales of acquired After Hours stores, not included in comparable sales until second quarter of 2008.
(3.8)	Change in net sales resulting from stores closed.
5.7	Change in net sales resulting from exchange rate changes.
\$ (81.5)	Total

Our comparable store sales decreased 8.9% at Men's Wearhouse, 12.0% at K&G and 3.8% at Moores. These decreases were primarily due to decreased clothing product sales resulting from continued declines in traffic levels at all our retail apparel brands. The recessionary trend of the U.S. economy that started in late 2007 and a weakening Canadian economy continued to negatively impact consumer spending during the first nine months of 2008, with sales of men's apparel being particularly affected. Buying patterns for men are considered to be more discretionary than those in other apparel areas. The lower clothing product sales were partially offset by increased revenues from our tuxedo rental services due mainly to a full nine months of rentals in 2008 from the After Hours stores acquired on April 9, 2007 and to higher average rental rates. As a percentage of total revenues, tuxedo rental service revenues increased from 18.4% in the first nine months of 2007 to 19.7% in the first nine months of 2008.

The Company's gross margin was as follows:

	<u>For the Nine Months Ended</u>	
	<u>November 3, 2007</u>	<u>November 1, 2008</u>
Gross margin	<u>\$ 741,242</u>	<u>\$ 667,522</u>
Gross margin as a percentage of related sales:		
Clothing product, including buying and distribution costs	56.9%	56.3%
Tuxedo rental services	82.1%	83.1%
Alteration and other services	23.5%	20.8%
Occupancy costs	(12.5)%	(14.8)%
Total gross margin	47.0%	44.6%

Total gross margin decreased 10.0% from the same prior year period to \$667.5 million in the first nine months of 2008. As a percentage of sales, total gross margin decreased from 47.0% in the first nine months of 2007 to 44.6% in the first nine months of 2008. This decrease is due mainly to an increase from 12.5% in the first nine months of 2007 to 14.8% in the first nine months of 2008 for occupancy cost, which is relatively constant on a per store basis and includes store related rent, common area maintenance, utilities, repairs and maintenance, security, property taxes and depreciation. On an absolute dollar basis, occupancy cost increased by 11.7% from the first nine months of 2007 to the first nine months of 2008, due mainly to our acquisition of After Hours and increased rental rates for new and renewed leases. With respect to gross margin as a percentage of related sales, the clothing product gross margin decreased from 56.9% in 2007 to 56.3% in 2008 due primarily to higher markdowns at our Men's Wearhouse and K&G stores. The tuxedo rental services gross margin increased from 82.1% in 2007 to 83.1% in 2008 due mainly to the absence in 2008 of a \$3.6 million charge taken in the first nine months of 2007 in connection with initial efforts to establish a global merchandising assortment for the combined tuxedo rental operations of After Hours and Men's Wearhouse. The gross margin for alteration and other services decreased from 23.5% in 2007 to 20.8% in 2008 mainly because of the decreased clothing sales in 2008 and the related deleveraging of fixed costs for these services.

Table of Contents

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased to \$574.5 million in the first nine months of 2008 from \$534.1 million in the first nine months of 2007, an increase of \$40.4 million or 7.6%. As a percentage of sales, these expenses increased from 33.9% in the first nine months of 2007 to 38.4% in the first nine months of 2008. The components of this 4.5% change in SG&A expenses as a percentage of net sales and the related absolute dollar changes were as follows:

% of Net Sales	Attributed to
0.2	Increase in advertising expense as a percentage of sales from 3.2% in the first nine months of 2007 to 3.4% in the first nine months of 2008. On an absolute dollar basis, advertising expense increased \$1.4 million.
1.0	Increase in store salaries as a percentage of sales from 13.6% in the first nine months of 2007 to 14.6% in the first nine months of 2008. Store salaries on an absolute dollar basis increased \$4.7 million primarily due to a full nine months of MW Tux (formerly After Hours) store salaries in 2008 versus 206 days in the first nine months of 2007.
0.7	Increase in other SG&A expenses of \$10.0 million in connection with the July 11, 2008 closure of the Canadian based manufacturing facility operated by the Company's subsidiary, Golden Brand.
2.6	Increase in other SG&A expenses as a percentage of sales from 17.1% in the first nine months of 2007 to 19.7% in the first nine months of 2008. On an absolute dollar basis, other SG&A expenses increased \$24.3 million primarily due to other SG&A expenses associated with a full nine months of MW Tux (formerly After Hours) operations in 2008 versus 206 days in the first nine months of 2007.
4.5%	Total

Interest expense increased slightly from \$3.5 million in the first nine months of 2007 to \$3.6 million in the first nine months of 2008 while interest income decreased from \$4.7 million in the first nine months of 2007 to \$2.3 million in the first nine months of 2008. Weighted average borrowings outstanding increased from \$80.5 million in the first nine months of 2007 to \$94.6 million in the first nine months of 2008, and the weighted average interest rate on outstanding indebtedness decreased from 5.4% to 4.7%. The increase in the weighted average borrowings resulted from borrowings under our revolving credit facility, offset partially by payments made on our Canadian term loan on October 22, 2008 of approximately US\$31.9 million. Outstanding borrowings under our revolving credit facility were \$50.0 million at November 1, 2008 at an effective interest rate of 4.2%. The weighted average interest rate for the first nine months of 2008 decreased mainly due to a decrease in the effective interest rate for the Canadian term loan from 5.5% at November 3, 2007 to 3.3% at November 1, 2008, offset partially by borrowings at a weighted average rate of 5.7% under our revolving credit facility during the first nine months of 2008. The decrease in interest income was primarily attributable to lower average invested cash balances and lower interest rates for the first nine months of 2008 as compared to the first nine months of 2007. The average yield on our investments decreased due to changes in the investment market and our shift to more conservative investments.

Our effective income tax rate was 36.5% for the first nine months of 2007 and 37.4% for the first nine months of 2008. The effective tax rate in 2007 was higher than the statutory U.S. federal rate of 35% primarily due to the effect of state income taxes, offset by favorable developments in certain outstanding income tax matters in the second quarter of 2007. The effective tax rate in 2008 was higher than the statutory U.S. federal rate of 35% primarily due to the effect of state income taxes, offset by the conclusion of certain income tax audits during the first quarter of 2008. The concluded and settled income tax audits during the first quarter of 2008 resulted in a cash payment of \$1.0 million, of which \$0.3 million was interest, and recognition of \$1.3 million of previously unrecognized tax benefits and \$0.4 million of benefit from associated accrued interest. The amount of recognized tax benefits that affected the effective tax rate was \$1.1 million.

These factors resulted in net earnings of \$57.4 million or 3.8% of net sales for the first nine months of 2008, compared with net earnings of \$132.2 million or 8.4% of net sales for the first nine months of 2007.

[Table of Contents](#)

Supplemental Information

Pro Forma for the Nine Months Ended November 3, 2007 compared to the Nine Months Ended November 1, 2008

The consolidated statements of earnings included herein reflect the Company's GAAP results of operations for the nine months ended November 3, 2007 and November 1, 2008. Since the acquisition of After Hours occurred on April 9, 2007, the inclusion of its off-season operations as if the acquisition had occurred prior to the beginning of 2007 reduces diluted earnings per share for the nine months ended November 3, 2007 from \$2.44 on a GAAP basis to \$2.28 on a pro forma basis and allows for a comparison of the 2008 and 2007 results on a comparable operations basis. The following table, expressed as a percentage of net sales for the periods indicated, and comments that follow are based on a comparison of the pro forma results for the first nine months of 2007 with the GAAP results for the first nine months of 2008. Refer to Note 2 for pro forma results of operations for the nine months ended November 3, 2007.

	For the Nine Months Ended	
	Pro Forma November 3, 2007	November 1, 2008
Net sales:		
Clothing product	74.2%	74.1%
Tuxedo rental services	19.7	19.7
Alteration and other services	<u>6.1</u>	<u>6.2</u>
Total net sales	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of sales:		
Clothing product, including buying and distribution costs	32.0	32.4
Tuxedo rental services	3.5	3.3
Alteration and other services	4.6	4.9
Occupancy costs	<u>12.7</u>	<u>14.8</u>
Gross margin	47.2	44.6
Selling, general and administrative expenses	<u>35.1</u>	<u>38.4</u>
Operating income	12.1	6.2
Interest income	(0.3)	(0.1)
Interest expense	<u>0.2</u>	<u>0.2</u>
Earnings before income taxes	12.2	6.1
Provision for income taxes	<u>4.5</u>	<u>2.3</u>
Net earnings	<u>7.7%</u>	<u>3.8%</u>

Total net sales decreased \$111.5 million or 6.9% to \$1,496.1 million for the first nine months of 2008 from \$1,607.6 million for the pro forma first nine months of 2007. Clothing product sales, representing 74.1% of 2008 total net sales, decreased 7.1% due primarily to decreases in comparable store sales driven by a reduction in store traffic levels. Tuxedo rental service sales, representing 19.7% of 2008 total net sales, decreased 7.2%. This decline was primarily due to reduced tuxedo rental sales at stores acquired from After Hours as well as the sale of the acquired wholesale tuxedo rental operations in July 2007. These declines were partially offset by increases in tuxedo rental service sales at the Men's Wearhouse stores and higher average rental rates at the Men's Wearhouse and Moores stores.

Gross margin before occupancy costs, as a percentage of total net sales, decreased 47 basis points from pro forma 59.8% in the first nine months of 2007 to 59.4% in the first nine months of 2008. Clothing product margins as a percentage of related 2008 sales decreased 56 basis points while tuxedo rental service margins increased 92 basis points from the pro forma first nine months of 2007. Gross margin for alteration and other services decreased 280 basis points due to deleveraging of fixed costs. Occupancy costs as a percentage of total net sales increased by 206 basis points from pro forma 12.7% in the first nine months of 2007 to 14.8% in the first nine months of 2008 due to the deleveraging effect of reduced comparable store sales, increased rental rates for new and renewed leases and increased depreciation expense from the rebranding of After Hours stores to MW Tux.

Table of Contents

Selling, general, and administrative expenses, as a percentage of total net sales, increased 332 basis points from pro forma 35.1% in the first nine months of 2007 to 38.4% in the first nine months of 2008. This increase was primarily due to the deleveraging effect of reduced net sales in addition to \$10.0 million of costs associated with the July 11, 2008 closure of the Canadian based manufacturing facility operated by the Company's subsidiary, Golden Brand.

These factors resulted in operating income of \$93.0 million and net earnings of \$57.4 million in the first nine months of 2008 compared to pro forma operating income of \$194.1 million and net earnings of \$123.6 million for the same period in 2007.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with a group of banks, which was last amended on February 2, 2007, provides for a secured revolving credit facility of \$200.0 million, which can be expanded to \$250.0 million upon additional lender commitments, that matures on February 11, 2012. The Credit Agreement also provided our Canadian subsidiaries with a secured term loan used to fund the repatriation of US\$74.7 million of Canadian earnings in January 2006 under the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004. The Canadian term loan matures on February 10, 2011. The Credit Agreement is secured by the stock of certain of the Company's subsidiaries. The Credit Agreement has several borrowing and interest rate options including the following indices: (i) an alternate base rate (equal to the greater of the prime rate or the federal funds rate plus 0.5%) or (ii) LIBO rate or (iii) CDO rate. Advances under the Credit Agreement bear interest at a rate per annum using the applicable indices plus a varying interest rate margin up to 1.125%. The Credit Agreement also provides for fees applicable to unused commitments ranging from 0.100% to 0.175%. As of November 1, 2008, there was \$50 million outstanding under the revolving credit facility with an effective interest rate of 4.2% and US\$38.6 million outstanding under the Canadian term loan with an effective interest rate of 3.3%.

The Credit Agreement contains certain restrictive and financial covenants, including the requirement to maintain certain financial ratios. The restrictive provisions in the Credit Agreement reflect an overall covenant structure that is generally representative of a commercial loan made to an investment-grade company. Our debt, however, is not rated, and we have not sought, and are not seeking, a rating of our debt. We were in compliance with the covenants in the Credit Agreement as of November 1, 2008.

We utilize letters of credit primarily to secure inventory purchases. At November 1, 2008, letters of credit totaling approximately \$16.2 million were issued and outstanding.

Our primary sources of working capital are cash flow from operations and borrowings under the Credit Agreement. We had working capital of \$442.9 million at November 1, 2008, which is up from \$393.7 million and \$437.6 million at February 2, 2008 and November 3, 2007, respectively. Historically, our working capital has been at its lowest level in January and February, and has increased through November as inventory buildup occurs in preparation for the fourth quarter selling season. The \$49.2 million increase in working capital at November 1, 2008 compared to February 2, 2008 resulted primarily from reduced accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities associated with decreased clothing sales.

Our operating activities provided net cash of \$88.1 million during the first nine months of 2008, due mainly to net earnings, adjusted for non-cash charges, offset by increases in inventories and tuxedo rental product and decreases in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities and income taxes payable. During the first nine months of 2007, our operating activities provided net cash of \$143.1 million, due mainly to net earnings, adjusted for non-cash charges, offset by increases in inventories and tuxedo rental product and a decrease in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities. The increase in inventories in the first nine months of 2007 was due mainly to seasonal inventory buildup and an increase in selling square footage. Inventories also increased during the first nine months of 2008 but much less than usual as the seasonal inventory buildup was reduced in line with decreased clothing sales in 2008. The increase in tuxedo rental product in the first nine months of 2007 and 2008 was due to purchases to support the continued growth in our tuxedo rental business and, in 2008, to rationalize the acquired After Hours tuxedo rental product offerings. Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities decreased in the first nine months of 2007 and 2008 due mainly to the timing of vendor payments, the payment of bonuses and the contribution to the employee stock ownership plan and, in 2008, reduced purchases associated with decreased clothing sales. Income taxes payable in the first nine months of 2008 decreased due to the decrease in net earnings for the period.

Table of Contents

Our investing activities used net cash of \$26.8 million for the first nine months of 2008, due mainly to net proceeds of short-term investments of \$42.5 million, offset by capital expenditures of \$69.5 million. Our capital expenditures relate to costs incurred for stores opened, remodeled or relocated during the period or under construction at the end of the period, office and distribution facility additions and infrastructure technology investments. Our investing activities used net cash of \$158.7 million for the first nine months of 2007, due mainly to our acquisition of After Hours on April 9, 2007 for \$69.8 million and capital expenditures of \$90.4 million.

Our financing activities provided net cash of \$2.7 million for the first nine months of November 1, 2008, due mainly to proceeds from our revolving credit facility and the issuance of common stock, offset by the payment of cash dividends and payments on our Canadian term loan and our revolving credit facility. During the first nine months of 2007, our financing activities used net cash of \$79.7 million, due mainly to purchases of treasury stock and the payment of cash dividends, partially offset by proceeds from the issuance of common stock and excess tax benefits in connection with stock based compensation.

Cash dividends paid were approximately \$9.2 million and \$10.9 million for the nine months ended November 3, 2007 and November 1, 2008, respectively.

In October 2008, our Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.07 per share payable on December 26, 2008 to shareholders of record at close of business on December 16, 2008. The dividend payout is estimated to be approximately \$3.7 million and is included in accrued expenses and other current liabilities as of November 1, 2008.

In January 2006, the Board of Directors authorized a \$100.0 million share repurchase program of our common stock. This authorization superceded any remaining previous authorizations. In August 2007, the Company's Board of Directors approved a replenishment of the Company's share repurchase program to \$100 million by authorizing \$90.3 million to be added to the remaining \$9.7 million of the then current program. During the first nine months of 2007, 1,063,200 shares at a cost of \$50.1 million were purchased in open market transactions under the January 2006 authorization at an average price of \$47.08 and 694,800 shares at a cost of \$28.0 million were purchased in open market transactions under the August 2007 authorization at an average price of \$40.34. No shares were repurchased under the August 2007 authorization during the first nine months of 2008. At November 1, 2008, the remaining balance available under the August 2007 replenishment was \$44.3 million.

During the nine months ended November 1, 2008, 6,728 shares at a cost of \$0.2 million were repurchased at an average price per share of \$23.13 in a private transaction to satisfy tax withholding obligations arising upon the vesting of certain restricted stock.

The continued weakening of current economic conditions could negatively affect our existing cash, cash equivalents and short-term investment balances. In addition, the recent turmoil in the financial markets could limit our access to additional capital resources, if needed, and could increase associated costs. We anticipate a significant reduction in store openings and other capital expenditures in the next 12 months relative to 2008 levels. We believe based on our current business plan that our existing cash, short-term investments and cash flow from operations will be sufficient to fund our planned store openings, other capital expenditures and operating cash requirements for at least the next 12 months. In addition, as of November 1, 2008, borrowings available under our Credit Agreement were \$133.8 million.

As substantially all of our cash and short-term investments is held by four financial institutions, we are exposed to risk of loss in the event of failure of any of these parties. However, due to the creditworthiness of these financial institutions, we anticipate full performance and access to our deposits and liquid investments.

ITEM 3 — QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Foreign Currency Risk

Moore's conducts its business in Canadian dollars. The exchange rate between Canadian dollars and U.S. dollars has fluctuated over the last ten years. If the value of the Canadian dollar against the U.S. dollar weakens, then the revenues and earnings of our Canadian operations will be reduced when they are translated to U.S. dollars. Also, the value of our Canadian net assets in U.S. dollars may decline.

Interest Rate Risk

We are also subject to market risk as a result of the outstanding balance of \$50 million under our revolving credit facility and the outstanding balance of US\$38.6 million under our Canadian term loan at November 1, 2008, which both bear a variable interest rate (see Note 4 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements). An increase in market interest rates would increase our interest expense and our cash requirements for interest payments. For example, an average increase of 0.5% in the variable interest rate would increase our interest expense and payments by approximately \$0.5 million.

We also have exposure to market rate risk for changes in interest rates as those rates relate to our investment portfolio. The primary objective of our investment activities is to preserve principal while at the same time maximizing yields without significantly increasing risk. As of November 1, 2008, we have highly liquid investments classified as cash equivalents and short-term investments in our condensed consolidated balance sheet. Future investment income earned on our cash equivalents and short-term investments will fluctuate in line with short-term interest rates.

ITEM 4 — CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company's management, with the participation of the Company's chief executive officer and chief financial officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) as of the end of the fiscal quarter ended November 1, 2008. Based on this evaluation, the CEO and CFO have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the fiscal quarter ended November 1, 2008 to ensure that information that is required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms.

Changes in Internal Controls over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the fiscal quarter ended November 1, 2008 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1 — LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are involved in various routine legal proceedings, including ongoing litigation, incidental to the conduct of our business. Management believes that none of these matters will have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

[Table of Contents](#)

ITEM 6 — EXHIBITS

(a) Exhibits.

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Index
31.1	— Certification of Periodic Report Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 by the Chief Executive Officer (filed herewith).
31.2	— Certification of Periodic Report Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 by the Chief Financial Officer (filed herewith).
32.1	— Certification of Periodic Report Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 by the Chief Executive Officer (filed herewith).
32.2	— Certification of Periodic Report Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 by the Chief Financial Officer (filed herewith).

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant, The Men's Wearhouse, Inc., has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: December 11, 2008

THE MEN'S WEARHOUSE, INC.

By /s/ NEILL P. DAVIS

Neill P. Davis
Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer,
Treasurer and Principal Financial Officer

[Table of Contents](#)

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Index
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32.1	— Certification of Periodic Report Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 by the Chief Executive Officer (filed herewith).
32.2	— Certification of Periodic Report Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 by the Chief Financial Officer (filed herewith).

Certifications

I, George Zimmer, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of The Men's Wearhouse, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 (e) and 15d-15 (e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: December 11, 2008

By /s/ GEORGE ZIMMER

George Zimmer

Chief Executive Officer

Certifications

I, Neill P. Davis, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of The Men's Wearhouse, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 (e) and 15d-15 (e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: December 11, 2008

By /s/ NEILL P. DAVIS

Neill P. Davis

Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer,
Treasurer and Principal Financial Officer

**Certification Pursuant to
18 U.S.C. Section 1350,
as Adopted Pursuant to
Section 906 of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

Not Filed Pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

In connection with the Quarterly Report of The Men's Wearhouse, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending November 1, 2008, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, George Zimmer, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U. S. C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirement of Section 13(a) or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: December 11, 2008

By /s/ GEORGE ZIMMER

George Zimmer
Chief Executive Officer

**Certification Pursuant to
18 U.S.C. Section 1350,
as Adopted Pursuant to
Section 906 of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

Not Filed Pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

In connection with the Quarterly Report of The Men's Wearhouse, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending November 1, 2008, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Neill P. Davis, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U. S. C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirement of Section 13(a) or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: December 11, 2008

By /s/ NEILL P. DAVIS
Neill P. Davis
Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer,
Treasurer and Principal Financial Officer